Algebraic Geometry 2 WiSe 2012/13 Prof. Dr. Urs Hartl Martin Brandenburg

## Homework sheet 11

Due date: Monday, 7.1.13 at 12 noon

1. Assume char(k)  $\neq 2$ . Let  $e_1, e_2, e_3 \in k$  be pairwise distinct. The projective curve  $V_{\mathbb{P}^2}(Y^2Z - (X - e_1Z)(X - e_2Z)(X - e_3Z))$  is normal (you do not have to prove this). Compute for i = 1, 2, 3 the principal divisors div  $\left(\frac{X}{Z} - e_i\right)$  and div  $\left(\frac{Y}{Z}\right)$ , as well as the divisors div  $\left(\frac{dX}{Z}\right)$  and div  $\left(\frac{Z}{Y} d\frac{X}{Z}\right)$ .

(4 points)

2. Let  $C \subseteq \mathbb{P}^2_k$  be a curve in Weierstraß normal form over a perfect field k of characteristic 2. Prove that the discriminant  $\Delta$  vanishes if and only if C is singular. In that case there is only one singular point, which lies in C(k). *Hint*. In the case  $a_1 \neq 0$  one can assume  $a_3 = a_4 = 0$  after some change of coordinates.

(4 points)

3. Let C be a normal proper curve over k of genus g = 2. Prove that there is a surjective separable morphism  $C \to \mathbb{P}^1_k$  of degree 2. Deduce that k(C)/k(t)is a Galois extension of degree 2. *Hint*. First prove that there is some divisor  $D \ge 0$  with  $\deg(D) = \ell(D) = 2$ .

(4 points)

4. \* The genus of a finitely generated field extension K/k of transcendence degree 1 with  $\{f \in K: f \text{ is algebraic over } k\} = k$  is defined as the genus of the corresponding normal proper curve C/k with k(C) = K. Assume char $(k) \neq 2$ . What is the genus of  $k(x)[y]/(y^2 + x^4 - 1)$ ?

 $(4^{\star} points)$ 

